

certain regulations to implement provisions of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 relating to labor-management relations with respect to covered employees, other than employees of the House of Representatives and employees of the Senate, and for other purposes, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the concurrent resolution, as follows:

H. CON. RES. 207

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),

SECTION 1. APPROVAL OF REGULATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The regulations described in subsection (b) are hereby approved, insofar as such regulations apply to covered employees under the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (other than employees of the House of Representatives and employees of the Senate) and to the extent such regulations are consistent with the provisions of such Act.

(b) REGULATIONS APPROVED.—The regulations referred to in subsection (a) are the regulations issued by the Office of Compliance on July 9, 1996, under section 220(d) of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 to implement section 220 of such Act (relating to the application of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code), as published in the Congressional Record on July 11, 1996 (Volume 142, daily edition), beginning on page H7454.

SEC. 2. ADOPTION OF REGULATIONS RELATING TO HEARING OFFICERS.

The Board of Directors of the Office of Compliance shall adopt regulations (in accordance with section 304 of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995) to implement the requirement that the Board refer any matter under section 220(c)(1) of such Act which relates to covered employees (other than employees of the House of Representatives and employees of the Senate) to a hearing officer.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, House Concurrent Resolution 207 accomplishes the same purpose as the resolution just agreed to with respect to regulations applicable to the Capitol Guide Board, the Capitol Police Board, CBO, the Architect, the Attending Physician, and the Office of Compliance.

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PROVIDING FOR JOINT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE ON INAUGURAL CEREMONIES

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the Senate concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 47) to provide for a Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the Senate concurrent resolution, as follows:

S. CON. RES. 47

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That a Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies consisting of 3 Senators and 3 Representatives, to be appointed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, respectively, is authorized to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the President-elect and Vice President-elect of the United States on the 20th day of January 1997.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, Senate Concurrent Resolution 47 provides for a Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies which will be authorized to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the President-elect and Vice President-elect of the United States on January 20, 1997.

The Senate concurrent resolution was concurred in. A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AUTHORIZING USE OF ROTUNDA ON JANUARY 20, 1997, IN CONNECTION WITH INAUGURATION CEREMONIES OF PRESIDENT-ELECT AND VICE-PRESIDENT-ELECT

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the Senate concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 48) authorizing the rotunda of the U.S. Capitol to be used on January 20, 1997, in connection with the proceedings and ceremonies for the inauguration of the President-elect and the Vice President-elect of the United States, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the Senate concurrent resolution, as follows:

S. CON. RES. 48

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That (a) the rotunda of the United States Capitol is hereby authorized to be used on January 20, 1997, by the Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies (the Joint Committee) in connection with the proceedings and ceremonies conducted for the inauguration of the President-elect and the Vice-President-elect of the United States.

(b) The Joint Committee is authorized to utilize appropriate equipment and the service of appropriate personnel of departments and agencies of the Federal Government, under arrangements between such Committee and the heads of such departments and agencies, in connection with such proceedings and ceremonies. The Joint Committee may accept gifts and donations of goods and services to carry out its responsibilities.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, Senate Concurrent Resolution 48 authorizes use of the rotunda of the U.S. Capitol to be used on January 20, 1997, in connection with proceedings and cere-

monies for the inauguration of the President-elect and Vice-President-elect of the United States.

Mr. Speaker, I also want to indicate that a resolution introduced by the gentleman from New York [Mr. RANGEL] regarding a commemorative for the late Ham Fish, former Member of the House, will be handled by the Joint Committee on Printing. And as the Chair, I will indicate that it will be handled by the committee and there needs to be adjustments in the language to make sure that the number of copies are an appropriate number based upon the family and the Members of the House that would wish to receive it.

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. THOMAS. I yield to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, I have no objection to the manner in which this is being handled by the distinguished gentleman from California [Mr. THOMAS].

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the Senate concurrent resolution.

The Senate concurrent resolution was concurred in.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

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RONALD H. BROWN FEDERAL BUILDING

Mr. GILCHREST. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure be discharged from further consideration of the bill (H.R. 3560) to designate the Federal building located at 290 Broadway in New York, NY, as the "Ronald H. Brown Federal Building," and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HASTERT). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Maryland?

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, I will not object, and I yield to the distinguished gentleman from Maryland [Mr. GILCHREST] for an explanation.

Mr. GILCHREST. Mr. Speaker, the bill designates the Federal building located at 290 Broadway in New York City as the Ronald H. Brown Federal Building.

Ronald H. Brown was the first African-American Secretary of Commerce where he was influential in promoting U.S. trade abroad. He was a champion for expanded markets for U.S. goods and services abroad and opportunities at home.

Ronald H. Brown was a civil rights advocate with a distinguished record of service and commitment to his country. It is unfortunate that he lost his life in the Balkans on April 3, 1996.

I urge my colleagues to support this fitting tribute to this distinguished